SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier

Butane

Other means of identification

SDS number

WC026

Recommended use

Hand Torch Fuel

Recommended restrictions

None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier

Worthington Industries Incorporated

Address

200 Old Wilson Bridge Road

Columbus, OH 43085

United States

Email:

cylinders@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone Number:

866-928-2657

CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS:

800-424-9300

Within US and Canada **Outside US and Canada**

+1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Flammable gases

Category 1

Gases under pressure

Liquefied gas

Simple asphyxiants

Category 1

Health hazards

Not classified.

Environmental hazards

Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Hazard statement

Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace

oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear respiratory

protection.

Response

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. In case of leakage,

eliminate all ignition sources.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Other hazards

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	. %
Isobutane	75-28-5	60-80
Butane	106-97-8	20-40

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Composition comments

Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Skin contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.

Ingestion

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

General information

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog. Foam. Do not use water iet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable gas. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Butane

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage. including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from damage. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре		Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL		1000 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	* *	1000 ppm	
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupation	onal Health & Safety Cod	e, Schedule 1	I, Table 2)	

Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	•
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	1000 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1000 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	800 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	800 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	V alue	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 nnm	

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below

recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

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Eye/face protection

Wear approved safety glasses or goggles.

Skin protection

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Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

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Other Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Selection and use of respiratory

protective equipment should be in accordance with CSA Standard Z94.4.

Thermal hazards Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear

appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide evewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Gas (Liquefied).

Form Compressed liquefied gas.

Color Colorless.

Odor Faint, Gasoline-like,

Odor threshold Not available. Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -216.76 °F (-138.2 °C) -11.7 °F (-24.28 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-76.3 °F (-60.2 °C) Flash point

Not available. **Evaporation rate**

Flammability (solid, gas) Extremely flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.8 %

Flammability limit - upper

8.4 %

(%)

28 psig (Approximate)

Vapor density > 2 (Air = 1) 0.57 (H2O = 1)Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Vapor pressure

Solubility (water)

< 0.1 % in water at 70°F

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

548.33 °F (286.85 °C)

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing. 100 % Percent volatile

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use. **Chemical stability**

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with

oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point, Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Nitrates. Incompatible materials

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Hazardous decomposition

products

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations

that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation

may result in unconsciousness.

Skin contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Eye contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Ingestion This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Victim may not be aware of

asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that

victim may be unable to protect themself.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified.

Serious eye damage/eye

Not classified.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - Not classified.

repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Exposure over a long period of time may cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

Persistence and degradability Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential Not applicable.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) 2.89 Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) 2.76

Mobility in soil Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have

residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

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Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number

UN1011

UN proper shipping name

Butane

Transport hazard class(es)

Class

2.1

Subsidiary risk

Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number

UN1011 Butane

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es) Class

2.1

Subsidiary risk Label(s)

2.1

Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

No

ERG Code

10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number

UN1011

UN proper shipping name

Butane

Transport hazard class(es)

Class

2.1

Subsidiary risk

Label(s)

2.1

Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant

No

EmS

F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

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Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

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Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

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Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other Information

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Further information The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation

methods and test data, if available.

References ACGIH

EPA: AQUIRE database

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no

guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all

applicable laws and regulations.

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A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).