

SAFETY DATA SHEET

110-302

1. Identification

Product Identifier	Gumout® Super Penetrating Oil
Other means of identification	
Synonyms	29219
Recommended use	Not available.
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufacturer	
Company name	ITW Permatex Canada
Address	35 Brownridge Road, Unit 1 Halton Hills, ON L7G 0C6 Canada
Telephone	1-905-693-8900
e-mail	Not available.
Emergency phone number	1-877-504-9352
Supplier	See above.

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Extremely flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Avoid breathing mist or vapour.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Wear protective gloves.

Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Specific treatment (see information on this label).
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic		64742-96-7	56.07
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic		64742-89-8	28.04
Propane		74-98-6	9.35
Butane		106-97-8	6.54

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Specific treatment (see information on this label).
Eye contact	Flush with cool water. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Hazardous combustion products	May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure build up.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapour. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapour. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat or drink.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of reach of children. Store locked up.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapour.

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	600 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	800 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Natural or butyl rubber, nitrile or neoprene gloves. Confirm with a reputable supplier first.

Other

As required by employer code.

Respiratory protection

Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquefied gas.
Colour	Black
Odour	Solvent.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 38 °C (> 100.4 °F)
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	> 1
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	> 1
Relative density	0.835 - 0.845

Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (Water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
VOC (Weight %)	24.89 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	May react with incompatible materials.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.
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Components	Species	Test results
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Not available	
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	539600 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA 520400 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA 1237 mg/L, 120 Minutes 680 mg/L, 2 Hours, HSDB 57 %, 120 Minutes, ECHA 52 %, 120 Minutes
	Rat	> 800000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1442738 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1354944 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 570000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA 276000 ppm, 4 Hours, CCOHS 1443 mg/L, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1355 mg/L, 10 Minutes

Components	Species	Test results
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Not available	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		
<i>Acute</i>		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Not available	
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	539600 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA 520400 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA 1237 mg/L, 120 Minutes 57 %, 120 Minutes, ECHA 52 %, 120 Minutes
	Rat	> 12000000 ppm, 4 hours > 800000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA > 1464 mg/L, 15 Minutes, HSDB 1442738 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1354944 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA 570000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA 1355 mg/L, 10 Minutes
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)		
<i>Acute</i>		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 6 mg/l/4h
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	2500 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)		
<i>Acute</i>		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	1400 mg/l/4h
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Exposure minutes	Not available.	
Erythema value	Not available.	
Oedema value	Not available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Corneal opacity value	Not available.	
Iris lesion value	Not available.	
Conjunctival reddening value	Not available.	
Conjunctival oedema value	Not available.	
Recover days	Not available.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitisation	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation.	

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Contains < 3% (w/w) DMSO-extract

ACGIH Carcinogens

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aliphatic (CAS 64742-96-7)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

KEROSENE (NON-AEROSOL), AS TOTAL
HYDROCARBON VAPOR (CAS 64742-96-7)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Further information

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

See below

**Ecotoxicological data
Components****Species****Test results**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)

Algae

IC50

Algae

4700 mg/L, 72 Hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential**Mobility in soil**

No data available.

Mobility in general

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

General

Canada: TDG Proof of Classification: In accordance with Part 2.2.1 (SOR/2014-152) of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, we certify that the classification of this product is correct as of the SDS date of issue. If applicable, the technical name and the classification of the product will appear below.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)**Basic shipping requirements:****UN number**

UN1950

Proper shipping name

AEROSOLS, flammable

Hazard class

2.1

Special provisions

80, 107



15. Regulatory information

Canadian federal regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada DSL Challenge Substances: Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Mass reporting threshold/Identification Number

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) 1 TONNES

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) 1 TONNES

Solvent naptha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8) 1 TONNES

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

WHMIS status Controlled

International regulations

Inventory status

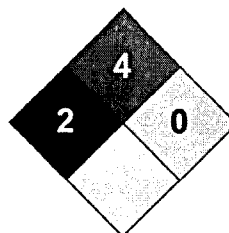
Country(s) or region	Inventory Name	On Inventory (Yes/No)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0

HEALTH	/ 2
FLAMMABILITY	4
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X



Issue date 10-April-2017

Revision date 10-April-2017

Version No. 01

Other Information For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the document.

Disclaimer Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained in this document.

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