SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alloy Sn97-Cu3 RA

Section 1. Identification GHS product identifier : Alloy Sn97-Cu3 RA Reference number : GHS003 Other means of : Not applicable identification : Solid. [Solid massive form]

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier's details	: AIM 9100 Henri Bourassa East Montreal, QC H1E 2S4 (514) 494-2000 In the United States: AIM 25 Kenney Drive Cranston, RI 02920 (800) CALL-AIM In México AIM Soldadura de México Circuito Interior Norte # 460
	Circuito Interior Norte # 460 Parque Industrial Salvarcar Ciudad Juárez, Chih. (656) 630-0032
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: INFOTRAC North America: (800) 535-5053 International: (352) 323-3500

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/4/2020	Date of previous issue	: 3/2/2020	Version	:0.05	1/11
Storage	: Not appli	cable.				
Response		KIN: Wash with plenty of so skin irritation or rash occur			I clothing	before
Prevention		otective gloves. Avoid breat out of the workplace.	hing dust. Contan	ninated work clot	hing must	: not be
Precautionary statements	<u>è</u>					
Hazard statements	: May cau	se an allergic skin reaction.				
Signal word	: Warning					



Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not applicable
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Tin	≥90	7440-31-5
copper	≤3	7440-50-8
rosin	≤3	8050-09-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	mmediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lowe yelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least ninutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing ot breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artifici espiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person pro- id to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health ersist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical ttention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a o e, belt or waistband.	al oviding effects
Skin contact	Vash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. ontaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of a omplaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. C hoes thoroughly before reuse.	ny
Ingestion	Vash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air eep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowe he exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the xposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting nless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head shoul ept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse h ffects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious per funconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistb	ed and ne g d be nealth rson.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health eff	ects					
Eye contact	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.			
Inhalation	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.			
Skin contact	: May caus	se an allergic skin reaction.				
Ingestion	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.			
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	<u>nptoms</u>					
Eye contact	: No speci	fic data.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/4/2020	Date of previous issue	: 3/2/2020	Version	:0.05	2/11

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Massive metal is nonflammable. Dust and powders may be flammable.

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	<u>tiv</u>	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large	spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
Tin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. Form:		
	Inhalable fraction		
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).		
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 10 hours.		
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).		
	TWA: 2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.		
copper	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dust		
	and mist		
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume		
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).		
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:		
	Dusts and Mists		
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:		
	Fume		
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).		
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 10 hours. Form:		
	Dusts and Mists		
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).		
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and		
	Mists		
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume		
rosin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measure	<u>25</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Solid. [Solid massive form]
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: 227 to 320°C (440.6 to 608°F)
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Massive metal is nonflammable. Dust and powders may be flammable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 7.3

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 3/4/2020

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
rosin	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Massive metal is not harmful.

Overexposure to fumes may cause irritation to the respiratory tract, digestive system and to the eyes.

Overexposure to tin oxide fumes may result in benigne pneumoconiosis (stannosis). Repeated and prolonged contact with bare skin may cause irritation, dermatitis and/or an allergic reaction (sensitization) in susceptible individuals.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
copper	-	-	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Inhalation. Routes of entry not anticipated: Dermal.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity Developmental effects	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
copper	Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days	
	Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours	
	Acute IC50 13 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours	
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phase	72 hours	
	Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase	72 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

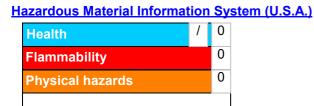
Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	ited States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or	exempted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	ot listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	ot listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	ot listed	
State regulations		
Massachusetts	e following components are listed: TIN; COPPER	
New York	e following components are listed: Copper	
New Jersey	e following components are listed: TIN; COPPER	
Pennsylvania	e following components are listed: TIN; COPPER FUME; ROSIN ′ROLYSIS PRODUCTS	I CORE SOLDER
<u>California Prop. 65</u>		
This product does not requir	fe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.	
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convent	st Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

Mentreel Protocol	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention	on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protoco	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
nternational lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification				Justification	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1				Calculation method	
History				·	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/4/2020	Date of previous issue	: 3/2/2020	Version : 0.05	10/11

Section 16. Other information

Date of printing	: 3/4/2020
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/4/2020
Date of previous issue	: 3/2/2020
Version	: 0.05
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	 -ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values, 1994-1995Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2 Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List"CFR29, OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits, revision July, 1993 CFR29, part 1910.1200, Hazard CommunicationCHEMTOX database -Components' manufacturer's Material Safety Data SheetCRC Handbook of chemistry and physics, 67 th edition, CRC Press inc., Boca Raton, FloridaCSST (Comission de Santé et Sécurité au Travail), document #RT-12: Classification of Certain Chemical Substances. -IATA, Dangerous Goods Regulations, 37th edition (January 1, 1996) -NFPA, Fire Protection Guide to Chemical Hazards, 11th editionNIOSH, Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, revision June 1994. Sigma-Alrich handbook of fine chemicals, 1998 -TSCA (Toxic Substance Contral Act), Chemical Substance Inventory List, 1985.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.