SAFETY DATA SHEET

This Safety Data Sheet complies with Annex II of 830/2015 amending EC No. 1907/2006, CLP directive 1272/2008, also in accordance with ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

172-014

Firepower 6006

Issued: 2018-01-14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name	Firepower 6006

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

SDS created by	TDS Team
Supplier	ESAB DENTON
Street address	2800 Airport Road Denton, TX 76207
Telephone	1-800-372-2123
Email	sdsrequest@esab.com
Web site	www.esab.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone number	1-800-372-2123
Available outside office hours	No

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified

2.2. Label elements

The product do not require labeling

2.3. Other hazards

Skin contact is normally no hazard but should be avoided to prevent possible allergic reactions. Persons with a pacemaker should not go near w elding or cutting operations until they have consulted their doctor and obtained information from the manufacturer of the device.
When this product is used in a welding process, the most important hazards are welding fumes, heat, radiation and electric shock.
Fumes: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function.
Heat: Spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries and start fires.
Radiation: Arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin.
Electricity: Electric shock can kill.

Other

Emergency Overview: Metal wire or rods in varying colours. This product is normally not considered hazardous as shipped. Gloves should be wor n when handling to prevent cuts and abrasions.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical name	*CAS No.* *EC No.* *REACH No.*	*Concentration*	*Classification*	*R-phrase* *H-phrase*
IRON	7439-89-6 231-096-4 Registered	65 - 75%	- -	- -
Manganese	7439-96-5 231-105-1 -	1 - 11%	- -	- -
Silicon	7440-21-3 231-130-8 -	0,5 - 1,5%	- -	- -

Product based on This product is a solid metal rod.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Electric shock: Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires. If not brea thing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If no detectable pulse, begin Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR). call emergenc y physician to the scene of the accident.

Inhalation If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance immediately! If bre athing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician.

Skin contact For skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with cold water. Get medical attention for burns or irritati ons that persist. To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water.

Eye contact For radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician. To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for at leas t fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not applicable

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Welding arcs and sparks can ig nite combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning material and fire situation.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water on molten metal. Large fires may be flooded with water from a distance

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Keep away from heat/spark/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking. Hydrogen fluoride, Calcium oxide, Iron oxides, Carbon oxides, Strontium oxi des, Manganese/manganese oxides, Barium oxide, Nickel/nickel oxides, Aluminum oxide, Sodium oxides, Silicon oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus as fumes or vapors may be harmful.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear hand, head, eyes, ear and body protection like welders gloves, helmet or face shield with filter lens, safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Refer to section 13.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Solid objects may be picked up and placed into a container. Liquids or pastes should be scooped up and placed into a container. Wear proper protective equipment while handling these materials. Do not discard as refuse.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 8/13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Preventive handling precautions	Handle with care to avoid stings and cuts. Wear gloves when handling welding consumables. Avoid exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not applicable

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits	Use industrial hygiene monitoring equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable national exposure limits. The following limits can be used as guidance. Unless noted, all values are for 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA). For information about welding fume analysis refer to Section 10.

National occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	*CAS no. EC No.*	*Exposure limit mg/m3-ppm*		*Short-term exposure limit mg/m3-ppm*		*Ceiling exposure limit mg/m3-ppm*		*Remark*	*Source*	*Year*
Manganese	7439-96-5 231-105-1	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	OSHA	2017
IRON	7439-89-6 231-096-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	OSHA	2017
Silicon	7440-21-3 231-130-8	15	-	-	-	-	-	Total dust	OSHA	2017
Silicon	7440-21-3 231-130-8	5	-	-	-	-	-	Respirable Fraction	OSHA	2017

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye / face protection

Welder's helmet or face shield with colour absorbing lenses. Shield and filter to provide protection from harmful UV radiation, infra red and molten metal approved to standard EN379. Filter shade to be a minimum of shade 9.

Safety gloves

Hands protection: Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin contact. EN 12477: Protection gloves for welders
Requirements (EN Levels) Type A Type B
Abrasion (Cycles) 2 (500) 1 (100)
Cut (Factor) 1 (1.2) 1 (1.2)
Tear (Newton) 2 (25) 1 (10)
Puncture (Newton) 2 (60) 1 (20)
Burning Behaviour 3 2
Contact Heat 1 1
Convective Heat 2 -
Small Splashes 3 2
Dexterity 1 (11) 4 (6.5)
Type B gloves are recommended when high dexterity is required as for TIG welding, while type A gloves are recommended for other welding processes. The contact temp (oC) is 100 and the threshold time (seconds) >15.

Other skin protection

Heat-resistant protective clothing. Wear safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry. Clothing should be selected to suit the level, duration and purpose of the welding activity.

Respiratory protection

Use an air purifying dust respirator when welding or brazing in a confined space, or when local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits.

Other

Class 1
Impact of Spatter 15 Drops
Heat Transfer (radiation) RHTI 24 > 7 seconds
Process :
Environmental Conditions : Manual welding with light formation of spatter and drops
Gas Welding
TIG Welding
MIG Welding
Micro plasma welding
Brazing
Spot Welding
MMA Welding (with rutile-covered electrode)
Environmental Conditions :
Operation of machines
Oxygen cutting machines
Plasma cutting machines
Resistance welding machines
Machines for thermal spraying
Bench welding
Class 2
Impact of Spatter 25 Drops
Heat Transfer (radiation) RHTI 24 > 16 seconds
Process :
Manual welding with heavy formation of spatter and drops
MMA welding (with basic or cellulose-covered electrodes)
MAG welding (with CO2 or mixed gases)
MIG Welding (with high current)
Self shielded flux core arc welding
Plasma cutting
Gouging
Oxygen cutting
Thermal spraying
Environmental Conditions
Operation of machines
In confined spaces
At overhead welding/cutting or in comparable constrained positions

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance	Colour: Black
b) Odour	odourless
c) Odour treshold	Not applicable
d) pH value	Not applicable
e) Melting point / freezing point	Not applicable
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable
g) Flash point	Not applicable
h) Evaporation rate	Not applicable
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable

j) Upper / lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable
k) Vapour pressure	Not applicable
l) Vapour density	Not applicable
m) Relative density	6-9 g/cm3
n) Solubility	Not applicable
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water	Not applicable
p) Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
q) Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
r) Viscosity	Not applicable
s) Explosive properties	Not applicable
t) Oxidising properties	Not applicable
Solubility in water	Insoluble in water
Appearance	solid
Melting point	2600 - 2800° F, 1425 - 1540° C

9.2. Other information

Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases could cause generation of gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability	Stable at normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not applicable

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	This product is only intended for normal welding purposes.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Not applicable

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition products would include those from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials listed in section 3 and those from the base metal and coating. Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in Section 8. Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the welding area can be affected by the welding process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced. Air contaminants around the soldering area can be affected by the soldering process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced.

Other

Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in Section 8.

Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the welding area can be affected by the welding process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Information on toxicological effects	Inhalation of welding fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. Classification of welding fumes is difficult because of varying base materials, coatings, air contamination and processes. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified welding fumes as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).
Acute toxicity	Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes.
Skin corrosion/irritation	No data available
Serious eye damage/irritation	No data available
Respiratory/skin sensitization	No data available
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available
Genotoxicity	No data available
Carcinogenicity	Not applicable
Repeated dose toxicity	No data available
Reproductive toxicity	No data available
STOT-single exposure	No data available
STOT-repeated exposure	No data available
Aspiration hazard	No data available
LD50 Oral	Iron Oral LD 50 30000 mg/kg (rat) Manganese Oral LD50 9000 mg/kg (rat) Silicon Oral LD50 3160 mg/kg (rat)
LD50 Dermal	
LC50 Inhalation	
Routes of exposure	No data available

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	No data available
Mixture versus substance information	No data available
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	No data available
Interactive effects	No data available
Toxicity in case of skin contact	No data available
Absence of specific data	No data available
Toxicity in case of eye contact	No data available
Mixtures	No data available
Toxicity in case of ingestion	No data available

Other

Acute effects	No data available
Long term effect	Chronic toxicity: Overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function.
Information to doctor	No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity	No data available
Toxicity	No data available
Aquatic	No data available
Soil	No data available
Acute fish toxicity	No data available
Acute algae toxicity	No data available
Acute crustacean toxicity	No data available
Chronical toxicity	No data available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability	The welding rods consist of elements that can not degrade any further in the environment.
Decay/transformation	No data available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential	Welding rods contain heavy metals which bio accumulates in the food chain. The following figures are th e bio concentration factor (BCF) for the substances on their own. BCF: Iron, BCF: 140000 Manganese, BCF: 59052

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility	Welding rods are not soluble in water or soil. Particles formed by working welding rods can be transport ed in the air.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessm ent	No data available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	In massive form, welding rods present no hazards to the aquatic environment. Welding materials could degrade into components originating from the materials used in the welding pr ocess. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Other

Welding consumables and materials could degrade/weather into components originating from the consumables or from the materials used in th e welding process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal considerations	Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in f ull compliance with federal and local regulations. Use recycling procedures if available. USA RCRA: This product is not considered hazardous waste if discarded. Residues from welding consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and groun dwater.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Welding rods in massive form do not subject under MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code. Not applicable – product is transported only in packaged form.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL. of 19 November 2008. on waste and repealing certain Directives. European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste.

Other regulations, limitations and legal regulations

Poland Regulations:

ACT of 25 February 2011 on the chemical substances and their mixtures(OJ # 63, poz. 322).

Regulation of the Minister of Labour and Social Policy of 6 June 2014 on Maximum Permissible Concentration and Intensity of Agents Harmful to Health in the Working Environment (Dz. u. z. 2014, poz 817).

The Act on Waste of 14 December 2012, Journal of Laws of 2013, item 21 with amendments

Act of 13th June 2013 on packaging management and packaging waste (Journal of Laws of 2013, item 888).

Regulation of the Minister of the Environment of 9 December 2014 on waste catalogue (Journal of Laws of 2014, item 1923).

Regulation of the Minister of Economy of 21 December 2005. Concerning essential requirements for personal protective equipment (Journal. Laws No. 259, item. 2173).

Regulation of the Minister of Health of 2 February 2011 on tests and measurements of factors harmful to health in the working environment (the Journal of Laws 2011, no. 33, item 166).

USA Regulations :

USA: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)

CERCLA/SARA Title III Reportable Quantities (RQs) and/or Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs): Product is a solid solution in the form of a solid article. Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

EPCRA/SARA Title III 313 Toxic Chemicals: The following metallic components are listed as SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and potential subject to annual SARA 313 reporting. See Section 3 for weight percent.
Manganese: 1.0% de minimis concentration
International Inventories:

Australia: The substance(s) in this product is/are in compliance with the inventory requirements of Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

United States EPA Toxic Substance Control Act: All constituents of this product are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA): All constituent(s) of this product is/are on the Domestic Substance List (DSL).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment No data available

Other

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when welding and protect yourself and others.
WARNING: Welding fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other organs. Use adequate ventilation.
ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill. ARC RAYS and SPARKS can injure eyes and burn skin.
Wear correct hand, head, eye and body protection.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes to previous revision This Safety Data Sheet has been revised due to modifications to Sections 1-16.

References to key literature and data sources

Refer to ESAB "Welding and Cutting - Risks and Measures", F52-529 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Electric Welding and Cutting" and F2035 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting and Heating" available from ESAB, and to: www.esab.com

Other

Additional information

USA: Contact ESAB at www.esabna.com or 1-800 ESAB-123 if you have any questions about this SDS. American National Standard Z49.1 Safety in Welding and Cutting, ANSI/AWS F1.5 Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes, ANSI/AWS F1.1 "Method for Sampling Airborne Particles Generated by Welding and Allied Processes", AWSF3.2M/F3.2 "Ventilation Guide for Weld Fume", 550 North Le Jeune Road, Miami Florida 33135. Safety and Health Fact Sheets available from AWS at www.aws.org.
OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954
American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (ACGIH), Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 6500 Glenway Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio 45211, USA.
NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work" published by the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169

UK: WMA Publication 236 and 237, "Hazards from Welding fume", "The arc welder at work, some general aspects of health and safety".
Germany: Accident prevention regulation BGV D1, "Welding, cutting and related procedures"

Canada: CSA Standard CAN/CSA-W117.2-01 "Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes".

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

ESAB requests the users of this product to study this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product a user should:
notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this SDS and any product hazards/safety information.furnish this same information to each of its customers for the products

Request such customers to notify employees and customers for the same product hazards and safety information.

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