286-006



Material Safety Data Sheet

Issuing Date 03-Apr-2007

Revision Date 03-May-2013

Revision Number 3

THERODUGITAN DICTOMERANY (DEA)

Product Name

Mothers Mag & Aluminum Polish

Product Code(s)

05100, 05101, 05102, 05104, 35100, 55100

35/0*0*

Recommended Use

Metal polish

Supplier Address

MOTHERS POLISHES WAXES CLEANERS

5456 Industrial Drive

Huntington Beach, CA 92649

TEL. 714-891-3364 FAX 714-893-1827

Emergency Telephone

Number

Chemirec 1-800-424-9300

WARNING

Emergency Overview

May be harmful if swallowed Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

May cause skin and eye irritation

Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons

May cause drowsiness and dizziness

Combustible material

Appearance White

Physical State Solid,

Odor Pine

Potential Health Effects

Principle Routes of Exposure

Skin contact Eye contact.

Acute Toxicity

Eyes

May cause irritation

Skin

May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Inhalation

May cause central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting,

and incoordination.

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal

irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation". Harmful may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Chronic Effects

Avoid repeated exposure. Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very

susceptible persons. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents

may be harmful or fatal

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Allergies. Skin disorders. Respiratory disorders. Central nervous system. Pre-existing eye

disorders

Interactions with Other Chemicals Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects. Irritants. Sensitizers Epoxies.

Environmental Hazard

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

33 (GIOTATE PROPERTY (GIOTATION PROPERTY (GIOT

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	25-50
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	25-50
Stearic acld	57-11-4	<10
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	<10
Tall oil fatty acids	61790-12-3	· <10
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha -{(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]omegah ydroxy-	9036-19-5	<10
Hexylene glycol	107-41-5	<10

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in **General Advice**

attendance

Eye Contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and

continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms

persist, call a physician

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a

physician

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If

symptoms persist, call a physician.

Rinse mouth. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious Ingestion

person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Consult a physician

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

क्षातिक प्रविधानिक प्राप्तिक विद्यानिक विद्यानिक विद्यानिक विद्यानिक विद्यानिक विद्यानिक विद्यानिक विद्यानिक व

Flammable Properties Combustible material: may burn but does not ignite readily.

Flash Point 194 °F / 90 °C

Sultable Extinguishing Media Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry powder Dry chemical. Foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes.

None

Specific Hazards Arising from the

Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health Hazard 1

Flammability 2

Instability 0

Physical and Chemical

Hazards N/A

HMIS

Health Hazard 1

Flammability 2

Physical Hazard 0

Personal Protection B

THE PARTY OF THE P

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes

Environmental Precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning Up Dam up. Soak up with mert absorbent material. Keep in suitable and closed containers for

disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Prevent product from entering drains.

WE WELL WINDSHOP OF THE WAY OF TH

Handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes

Storage Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of

children

PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Petroleum distillates, hydrotrealed light 64742-47-8	TWA. 5 mg/m³ STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist)	TWA: 5 mg/m³ (as oll mist)	
Aluminum oxide 1344-28-1	TWA: 1 mg/m³ respirable fraction	TWA. 15 mg/m³ total dust TWA. 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust (vacated) TWA 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction	,
Triethanolamine 102-71-6	TWA· 5 mg/m³	-	
Tall oil fatty acids 61790-12-3	5 mg/m ³ (resp) 10 mg/m ³ STEL (resp)	5 mg/m³ (resp)	,
Hexylene glycol 107-41-5	Ceiling: 25 ppm	(vacated) Celling 25 ppm (vacated) Celling, 125 mg/m³	Ceiling 25 ppm Ceiling, 125 mg/m ³

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Exposure Guidelines Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d

962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Engineering Measures Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Safely glasses with side-shields. Skin and Body Protection Protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions., If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required

Hyglene Measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area

and clothing

EN LUCIA DE LA SULTANIONAL ANDIGHEMICAN PROPERTIES

AppearanceWhite.OdorPineOdor ThresholdNo information availablePhysical StateSolid.

pH No information available Physical State Solid.

Flash Point 194 *F / 90 *C AutoIgnition Temperature Decomposition Temperature No information available. No information available.

Melting Point/Range 55 °C Flammability Limits in Air No information available

·

Solubility No information available. Evaporation Rate No information available. Vapor Pressure Vapor Density No data available.

VOC Content (%) <30

PAR CONTRACTOR VARIETY AND REACTIONS OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONT

Stability

Stable under normal conditions

Incompatible Products

None known based on information supplied.

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flames and sparks

Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

vapors.

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization does not occur

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Inhalation

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Eye Contact

May cause slight Irritation.

Skin Contact

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause imitation

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal

irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50'Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Råbbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Aluminum oxide	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5 28 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Stearic acid	·	5 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
Triethanolamine	= 4190 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg ('Rabbit) > 16 mL/kg (Rat)	
Tall oil fatty acids	= 7600 mg/kg (Rat)		·
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyi), alpha -{(1,1,3,3-letramethylbutyi)ph enyi]- omega -hydroxy-	= 4190 mg/kg (Rat)		
Hexylene glycol	= 3692 mg/kg (Rat)	12,3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 310 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h

Chronic Toxicity

Chronic Toxicity

Avoid repeated exposure. Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents.

may be harmful or fatal

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Triethanolamine	<u></u>	Group 3		

Target Organ Effects

Central nervous system (CNS) Eyes Respiratory system. Skin.

THE THE TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

Ecotoxicity

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light		LC50 96 h. = 2 2 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h = 2 4 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h = 45 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		LC50 96 h. = 4720 mg/L (Den-dronereldes heteropoda)
Afuminum oxide		LC50 96 h· > 100 mg/L semistatic (Salmo trutta)		LC50 48 h; > 100 mg/L (daphnia magna)
Triethanolamine	EC50 72 h· = 216 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50 96 h. = 169 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50 96 h, 10600 - 13000 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h > 1000 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h, 450 - 1000 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 30 min	EC50 24 h· = 1386 mg/L (Daphnla magna)
Tall oil fatty acids	EC50 72 h· >= 1000 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)			
Hexylene glycol		LC50 96 h. 10500-11000 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 10000 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h = 10700 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h. = 8890 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 3038 mg/L 5 min	EC50 48 h: 2700 - 3700 mg/L. (Daphnia magna)
	Chemical Name		Log Pow	
	Triethanolamine		-2.53	
	Tall oil fatty acids 5 98		•	
	Hexylene glycol	<u>-</u>	0 13986	1

THE TENNIONS OF THE PROPERTY O

Waste Disposal-Methods

This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or otherwise comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements.

Contaminated Packaging

Do not re-use empty containers.

California Hazardous Waste Codes 331

REPUBLICANIE PORTINI A CERTANICANI

DOT Not regulated

TDG Not regulated

MEX Not regulated

ICAO Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

RID Not regulated

ADR Not regulated

ADN Not regulated

INCOMENY SOUTH ASSOCIATION OF STREET OF THE STREET OF THE

International Inventories

TSCA Complies
EINECS Complies
ELINCS Complies

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard No
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as poliutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode island
Aluminum oxide	Х	Х	X	<u> </u>	, X
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	х				
Triethanolamine	Х	Х	Х		Х
Hexylene glycol	Х	X	X		×

International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

Slight risk, Grade 1

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Aluminum oxide		Mexico TWA 10 mg/m³
Hexylene glycol		Mexico Celling 25 ppm
		Mexico: Ceiling 125 mg/m ³

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

D2B Toxic materials



13 OF EER NEOF MANTEN

Prepared By

Product Stewardship 23 British American Blvd.

Latham, NY 12110 1-800-572-6501 03-Apr-2007

Issuing Date Revision Date

03-May-2013

Revision Note

Product Code change

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet